Puerto Rico Farm Credit, ACA

THIRD QUARTER 2024

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CERTIFICATION

The undersigned certify that we have reviewed the September 30, 2024 quarterly report of Puerto Rico Farm Credit, ACA, that the report has been prepared under the oversight of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and in accordance with all applicable statutory or regulatory requirements, and that the information contained herein is true, accurate, and complete to the best of our knowledge and belief.

/s/ Michael J. Serralles
Chairman of The Board of Directors

/s/ Ricardo L. Fernández
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Marta J. Rodriguez
Chairman of the Audit Committee

November 8, 2024

Puerto Rico Farm Credit, ACA

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(dollars in thousands)

The following commentary reviews the financial condition and results of operations of Puerto Rico Farm Credit, ACA (Association) for the period ended September 30, 2024, with comparisons to prior periods. These comments should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements, notes to the financial statements and the 2023 Annual Report of the Association. The accompanying consolidated financial statements were prepared under the oversight of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors.

LOAN PORTFOLIO

The Association provides funds to farmers, rural homeowners and farm-related businesses for financing of short and intermediate-term loans and long-term real estate mortgage loans. The Association's predominant chartered territory (CT) agricultural commodities were dairy, fruits & nuts (including plantains and coffee) and field crops which totaled approximately $63,068 or 35.52 percent of the gross principal balance, net of sold loans, at September 30, 2024. Management is monitoring island specific conditions in the dairy industry that could impact the credit quality of the Association's dairy portfolio. At this time, our member-borrowers are managing through these challengers and Management does not expect a deterioration of the loan portfolio. The Association also maintains a portfolio of purchased loans (PL), originated by other Farm Credit System entities and non-system entities. The Participated loan portfolio is performing well, Management is pursuing opportunities to grow it. The capital markets transaction volume for new PL was slow in the third quarter. Management will search for new transactions that diversify the risk of the entire loan portfolio and supplements growth in the CT loan portfolio. All other ag sectors continue to perform well as relative good weather has not caused major disruptions on farming operations.

The total loan volume of the Association as of September 30, 2024, was $175,982, an increase of $4,289 as compared to $171,693 at December 31, 2023.

ASSET QUALITY AND LOAN LOSS RESERVES

There is an inherent risk in the extension of any type of credit. Portfolio credit quality continues to be maintained at an acceptable level and credit administration remains satisfactory. Nonaccrual loans decreased from $3,088 at December 31, 2023, to $2,859 at September 30, 2024. As a percent of total loans, nonaccrual loans were 1.62 percent and 1.80 percent at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Association management maintains an allowance for credit losses (ACL) in an amount considered sufficient to absorb estimated current and expected credit losses over the financial assets expected life. The most significant component of the Association's ACL is the allowance for credit losses on loans (ACLL). The ACLL at September 30, 2024, was $1,481 or 0.84 percent of total loans compared to $1,747 or 1.02 percent of total loans at December 31, 2023, and is considered by management to be adequate to cover estimated current and expected losses within the loan portfolio. See further detail on the Association's ACL within the Association's Annual Report and discussion of significant provision for credit loss within the *Results of Operations* below.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Association's primary source of funding is provided by AgFirst Farm Credit Bank (the Bank) in the form of notes payable. See *Funding Sources* section below for additional detail on this relationship. Prior to January 1, 2024, the rate applied to the notes payable to the Bank included the Association's allocation of technology and software services provided by the Bank. Effective January 1, 2024, the Bank amended the line of credit agreement to exclude the Association's allocation of costs for Bank-provided services from the Direct Note rate. The master service agreement was also amended to bill the Association for these services separately on a monthly basis. This change had a minimal effect on the Association's net income but did result in a higher net interest margin as it effectively reclassifies the Association's technology and software costs paid to the Bank from interest expense to noninterest expense. If this amendment had been in effect during 2023, the Association would have had lower interest expense and corresponding higher noninterest expense of $101 and $303 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, as shown in the tables below.

	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended		
	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2023*	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2023*
Interest Income	$ 3,072	$ 2,916	$ 2,916	$ 9,568	$ 8,541	$ 8,541
Interest Expense	1,435	1,438	1,337	4,136	4,127	3,824
Net Interest Income	1,637	1,478	1,579	5,432	4,414	4,717
Provision for Credit Losses	70	520	520	31	3,147	3,147
Noninterest Income	337	251	251	1,339	927	927
Noninterest Expense	1,362	985	1,086	4,264	3,292	3,595
Net income	$ 542	$ 224	$ 224	$ 2,476	$ (1,098)	$ (1,098)
Net Interest Margin	3.80%	3.51%	3.75%	4.27%	3.50%	3.74%
Operating Efficiency Ratio	69.02%	56.26%	58.68%	62.48%	60.24%	62.37%

**reflects the pro-forma results if the amended notes payable rate had been in effect during 2023*

For the three months ended September 30, 2024

Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2024, was $542, an increase of $318 as compared to net income of $224 for the same period ended in 2023. This increase was primarily due to a decrease in provision for credit losses of $450 and an increase in net interest income of $159 when compared to the same period ended during the prior year.

For the three months ended September 30, 2024, net interest income was $1,637 and the net interest margin was 3.80 percent. After adjusting the prior year for the notes payable rate amendment discussed above, net interest income was $1,579, an increase of $58, and the net interest margin was 3.75 percent, an increase of 5 basis points for the three months ended September 30, 2024. The increase in net interest income was related to higher interest rates for the same period ended in 2023.

The provision for credit losses for the three months ended September 30, 2024, was $70, a decrease of $450 from the provision for credit losses of $520 for the same period ended during the prior year. This decrease was primarily attributable to writeoffs during the prior year within the Association's participated portfolio.

Noninterest income increased $86 to $337 for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to noninterest income of $251 for the same period ended during the prior year primarily due to higher fee income received during the quarter.

For the three months ended September 30, 2024, noninterest expense was $1,362. After adjusting the prior year for the notes payable rate amendment discussed above, noninterest expense was $1,086, an increase of $276 for the three months ended September 30, 2024. This increase was primarily due to increased purchased services and higher personnel costs during the quarter.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024

Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, was $2,476, an increase of $3,574 as compared to a net loss of $1,098 for the same period ended in 2023. This increase was mainly related to a purchased loan placed on nonaccrual status during the first quarter of 2023, which resulted in a higher provision amount and attributed to the net loss during the prior year.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, net interest income was $5,432 and the net interest margin was 4.27 percent. After adjusting the prior year for the notes payable rate amendment discussed above, net interest income was $4,717, an increase of $715, and the net interest margin was 3.74 percent, an increase of 53 basis points for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. The increase in net interest income was related to the purchased loan previously mentioned in addition to higher interest rates for the same period ended in 2023.

The provision for credit losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, was $31, a decrease of $3,116 from the provision for credit losses of $3,147 for the same period ended during the prior year. This decrease was primarily attributable to a purchased loan placed on nonaccrual status during the first quarter of 2023 which resulted in increased provision for credit losses during the prior year.

Noninterest income increased $412 to $1,339 during the first nine months of 2024 compared to noninterest income of $927 for the first nine months of 2023 primarily due to a reclassification of the net loss on sale of OPO of $310. In addition, the Association received $37 of insurance premium refunds from the Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation (FCSIC).

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 noninterest expense was $4,264. After adjusting the prior year for the notes payable rate amendment discussed above, noninterest expense was $3,595, an increase of $669 for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. This increase was primarily due to increased purchased services and higher personnel costs.

FUNDING SOURCES

The principal source of funds for the Association is the borrowing relationship established with AgFirst Farm Credit Bank (the Bank) through a General Financing Agreement. The General Financing Agreement utilizes the Association's credit and fiscal performance as criteria for establishing a line of credit on which the Association may draw funds. The Bank advances funds to the Association in the form of notes payable. The notes payable are segmented into variable rate and fixed rate sections. The variable rate note is utilized by the Association to fund variable rate loan advances and operating funds requirements. The fixed rate note is used specifically to fund fixed rate loan advances made by the Association. The total notes payable to the Bank at September 30, 2024, was $116,617 as compared to $118,582 at December 31, 2023.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

Total members' equity at September 30, 2024, was $62,217, an increase of $2,480 from a total of $59,737 at December 31, 2023. Total capital stock and participation certificates were $515 on September 30, 2024, compared to $511 on December 31, 2023.

FCA sets minimum regulatory capital requirements with a capital conservation buffer for System banks and associations. Capital adequacy is evaluated using a number of regulatory ratios.

The following sets forth the regulatory capital ratios:

	Regulatory Minimum Including Buffer*	9/30/24	12/31/23	9/30/23
Permanent Capital Ratio	7.00%	34.14%	32.49%	33.04%
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital Ratio	7.00%	33.85%	32.11%	32.64%
Tier 1 Capital ratio	8.50%	33.85%	32.11%	32.64%
Total Regulatory Capital Ratio	10.50%	34.84%	33.38%	33.90%
Tier 1 Leverage Ratio**	5.00%	33.24%	31.40%	32.44%
Unallocated Retained Earnings (URE) and URE Equivalents	1.50%	32.95%	31.12%	32.15%

**Include full capital conservation buffers.*
***The Tier 1 Leverage Ratio must include a minimum of 1.50% of URE and URE equivalents.*

If the capital ratios fall below the minimum regulatory requirements, including the buffer amounts, capital distributions (equity redemptions, dividends, and patronage) and discretionary senior executive bonuses are restricted or prohibited without prior FCA approval. For all periods presented, the Association exceeded minimum regulatory requirements for all of the ratios.

REGULATORY MATTERS

On February 8, 2024, the FCA approved a final rule to amend its regulatory capital requirements to define and establish risk-weightings for High Volatility Commercial Real Estate (HVCRE) by assigning a 150 percent risk-weighting to such exposures, instead of the current 100 percent to reflect their increased risk characteristics. The rule further ensures comparability between FCA's risk-weightings and the federal banking regulators. The final rule excludes certain acquisition, development, and construction loans that do not present as much risk and therefore do not warrant the risk weight for HVCRE. In addition, the final rule adds an exclusion for loans originated less than $500,000. On October 16, 2024, the FCA extended the implementation date of this rule from January 1, 2025 to January 1, 2026.

On October 5, 2023, the Farm Credit Administration approved a final rule on cyber risk management that requires each System institution to develop and implement a comprehensive, written cyber risk management program. Each institution's cyber risk plan must require the institution to take the actions to assess internal and external risk factors, identify potential system and software vulnerabilities, establish a risk management program for the risks identified, develop a cyber risk training program, set policies for managing third-party relationships, maintain robust internal controls and establish board reporting requirements. The final rule will become effective on January 1, 2025.

NOTE: Shareholder investment in the Association is materially affected by the financial condition and results of operations of AgFirst Farm Credit Bank. Copies of AgFirst's annual and quarterly reports are available upon request free of charge by calling 1-800-845-1745, ext. 2764, or writing Matthew Miller, AgFirst Farm Credit Bank, P.O. Box 1499, Columbia, SC 29202. Information concerning AgFirst Farm Credit Bank can also be obtained at its website, *www.agfirst.com*. Copies of the Association's annual and quarterly reports are also available upon request free of charge by calling 1-800-981-3323, or writing Alice Rivera, Puerto Rico Farm Credit, ACA, PO Box 363649, San Juan, PR 00936-3649, or accessing the website, *www.prfarmcredit.com*. The Association prepares a quarterly report within 40 days after the end of each fiscal quarter, except that no report need be prepared for the fiscal quarter that coincides with the end of the fiscal year of the Association.

Puerto Rico Farm Credit, ACA

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
	(unaudited)	*(audited)*
Assets		
Cash	**$ 545**	$ 745
Loans	**175,982**	171,693
Allowance for credit losses on loans	**(1,481)**	(1,747)
Net loans	**174,501**	169,946
Loans held for sale	**—**	3,561
Accrued interest receivable	**1,150**	1,138
Equity investments in other Farm Credit institutions	**2,454**	2,628
Premises and equipment, net	**992**	863
Other property owned	**540**	691
Accounts receivable	**814**	1,222
Other assets	**63**	48
Total assets	**$ 181,059**	$ 180,842
Liabilities		
Notes payable to AgFirst Farm Credit Bank	**$ 116,617**	$ 118,582
Accrued interest payable	**491**	553
Patronage refunds payable	**34**	21
Accounts payable	**345**	513
Other liabilities	**1,355**	1,436
Total liabilities	**118,842**	121,105
Commitments and contingencies (Note 5)		
Members' Equity		
Capital stock and participation certificates	**515**	511
Unallocated retained earnings	**61,702**	59,226
Total members' equity	**62,217**	59,737
Total liabilities and members' equity	**$ 181,059**	$ 180,842

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Puerto Rico Farm Credit, ACA

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
Interest Income				
Loans	**$ 3,072**	$ 2,916	**$ 9,568**	$ 8,541
Interest Expense	**1,435**	1,438	**4,136**	4,127
Net interest income	**1,637**	1,478	**5,432**	4,414
Provision for credit losses	**70**	520	**31**	3,147
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	**1,567**	958	**5,401**	1,267
Noninterest Income				
Loan fees	**97**	(7)	**280**	138
Patronage refunds from other Farm Credit institutions	**240**	258	**712**	789
Gains (losses) on other transactions	**—**	—	**310**	—
Insurance Fund refunds	**—**	—	**37**	—
Total noninterest income	**337**	251	**1,339**	927
Noninterest Expense				
Salaries and employee benefits	**597**	548	**1,837**	1,645
Occupancy and equipment	**47**	48	**154**	155
Insurance Fund premiums	**24**	47	**72**	141
Purchased services	**417**	159	**1,043**	541
Data processing	**6**	7	**27**	30
Other operating expenses	**271**	164	**1,097**	705
(Gains) losses on other property owned, net	**—**	12	**34**	75
Total noninterest expense	**1,362**	985	**4,264**	3,292
Net income (loss)	**$ 542**	$ 224	**$ 2,476**	$ (1,098)
Other comprehensive income	**—**	—	**—**	—
Comprehensive income (loss)	**$ 542**	$ 224	**$ 2,476**	$ (1,098)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Puerto Rico Farm Credit, ACA

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Members' Equity

(unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)	Capital Stock and Participation Certificates	Unallocated Retained Earnings	Total Members' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2022	$ 514	$ 59,952	$ 60,466
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		104	104
Comprehensive income (loss)		(1,098)	(1,098)
Capital stock/participation certificates issued/(retired), net	1		1
Balance at September 30, 2023	$ 515	$ 58,958	$ 59,473
Balance at December 31, 2023	**$ 511**	**$ 59,226**	**$ 59,737**
Comprehensive income (loss)		**2,476**	**2,476**
Capital stock/participation certificates issued/(retired), net	**4**		**4**
Balance at September 30, 2024	**$ 515**	**$ 61,702**	**$ 62,217**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Puerto Rico Farm Credit, ACA

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(dollars in thousands, except as noted)
(unaudited)

Note 1 — Organization, Significant Accounting Policies, and Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Organization
The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of Puerto Rico Farm Credit, ACA and its Production Credit Association (PCA) and Federal Land Credit Association (FLCA) subsidiaries (collectively, the Association). Descriptions of the organization and operations, the significant accounting policies followed, and the financial condition and results of operations for the Association as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, are contained in the 2023 Annual Report to Shareholders. These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the latest Annual Report to Shareholders.

Basis of Presentation
In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of results for the periods presented. These adjustments are of a normal recurring nature, unless otherwise disclosed.

Certain amounts in the prior period's consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on the prior period net income or total capital as previously reported.

The results of any interim period are not necessarily indicative of those to be expected for a full year.

Significant Accounting Policies
The Association's accounting and reporting policies conform with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and practices in the financial services industry. To prepare the financial statements in conformity with GAAP, management must make estimates based on assumptions about future economic and market conditions (for example, unemployment, market liquidity, real estate prices, etc.) that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, income and expenses during the reporting period, and the related disclosures. Although these estimates contemplate current conditions and expectations of change in the future, it is reasonably possible that actual conditions may be different than anticipated, which could materially affect results of operations and financial condition.

Management has made significant estimates in several areas, including loans and allowance for credit losses (Note 2, *Loans and Allowance for Credit Losses*) and financial instruments (Note 4, *Fair Value Measurement*). Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For further details of significant accounting policies, see Note 2, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*, from the latest Annual Report.

Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Pronouncements
In December 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2023-09 - Income Taxes: Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures. The amendments in this standard require more transparency about income tax information through improvements to income tax disclosures primarily related to the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid information. The amendments in this standard require qualitative disclosure about specific categories of reconciling items and individual jurisdictions that result in a significant difference between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2025. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Association's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Note 2 — Loans and Allowance for Credit Losses

A summary of loans outstanding at period end follows:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Real estate mortgage	$ 53,566	$ 56,847
Production and intermediate-term	54,015	54,149
Agribusiness:		
Loans to cooperatives	1,143	1,188
Processing and marketing	43,017	38,875
Farm-related business	247	75
Rural infrastructure:		
Communication	13,546	11,028
Power and water/waste disposal	3,769	2,828
Rural residential real estate	4,343	4,824
Other:		
International	2,336	1,879
Total loans	$ 175,982	$ 171,693

A substantial portion of the Association's lending activities is collateralized, and exposure to credit loss associated with lending activities is reduced accordingly. The Association may purchase or sell participation interests with other parties in order to diversify risk, manage loan volume, and comply with FCA regulations.

The following table shows loans, classified under the FCA Uniform Loan Classification System, as a percentage of total loans by loan type as of:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Real estate mortgage:		
Acceptable	99.58%	99.45%
OAEM	0.02	0.03
Substandard/doubtful/loss	0.40	0.52
	100.00%	100.00%
Production and intermediate-term:		
Acceptable	98.37%	87.98%
OAEM	0.10	0.14
Substandard/doubtful/loss	1.53	11.88
	100.00%	100.00%
Agribusiness:		
Acceptable	89.43%	92.42%
OAEM	9.15	5.85
Substandard/doubtful/loss	1.42	1.73
	100.00%	100.00%
Rural infrastructure:		
Acceptable	100.00%	100.00%
OAEM	–	–
Substandard/doubtful/loss	–	–
	100.00%	100.00%
Rural residential real estate:		
Acceptable	94.34%	95.30%
OAEM	4.03	–
Substandard/doubtful/loss	1.63	4.70
	100.00%	100.00%
Other:		
Acceptable	100.00%	100.00%
OAEM	–	–
Substandard/doubtful/loss	–	–
	100.00%	100.00%
Total loans:		
Acceptable	96.57%	94.12%
OAEM	2.44	1.42
Substandard/doubtful/loss	0.99	4.46
	100.00%	100.00%

Accrued interest receivable on loans of $1,150 and $1,138 at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, has been excluded from the amortized cost of loans and reported separately in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The following tables provide an aging analysis of past due loans as of:

	September 30, 2024					
	30 Through 89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less Than 30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	90 Days or More Past Due and Accruing
Real estate mortgage	$ 1,651	$ 285	$ 1,936	$ 51,630	$ 53,566	$ –
Production and intermediate-term	1,869	515	2,384	51,631	54,015	138
Agribusiness	–	–	–	44,407	44,407	–
Rural infrastructure	–	–	–	17,315	17,315	–
Rural residential real estate	67	–	67	4,276	4,343	–
Other	–	–	–	2,336	2,336	–
Total	$ 3,587	$ 800	$ 4,387	$ 171,595	$ 175,982	$ 138

	December 31, 2023					
	30 Through 89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less Than 30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	90 Days or More Past Due and Accruing
Real estate mortgage	$ 448	$ 478	$ 926	$ 55,921	$ 56,847	$ –
Production and intermediate-term	2,149	2,021	4,170	49,979	54,149	27
Agribusiness	–	–	–	40,138	40,138	–
Rural infrastructure	–	–	–	13,856	13,856	–
Rural residential real estate	271	–	271	4,553	4,824	–
Other	–	–	–	1,879	1,879	–
Total	$ 2,868	$ 2,499	$ 5,367	$ 166,326	$ 171,693	$ 27

The following tables provide the amortized cost for nonaccrual loans with and without a related allowance for credit losses on loans as of:

	September 30, 2024		
Nonaccrual loans:	Amortized Cost with Allowance	Amortized Cost without Allowance	Total
Real estate mortgage	$ –	$ 1,843	$ 1,843
Production and intermediate-term	43	973	1,016
Total	$ 43	$ 2,816	$ 2,859

	December 31, 2023		
Nonaccrual loans:	Amortized Cost with Allowance	Amortized Cost without Allowance	Total
Real estate mortgage	$ –	$ 472	$ 472
Production and intermediate-term	390	2,226	2,616
Rural residential real estate	10	(10)	–
Total	$ 400	$ 2,688	$ 3,088

The Association recognized $135 and $64 of interest income on nonaccrual loans during the three months ended September 30, 2024 and September 30, 2023, respectively. The Association recognized $618 and $83 of interest income on nonaccrual loans during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and September 30, 2023, respectively.

Reversals of interest income on loans that moved to nonaccrual status were not material for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and September 30, 2023.

A summary of changes in the allowance for credit losses is as follows:

	September 30, 2024
Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans:	
Balance at June 30, 2024	$ 1,453
Charge-offs	(4)
Recoveries	1
Provision for credit losses on loans	31
Balance at September 30, 2024	$ 1,481
Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments:	
Balance at June 30, 2024	$ 209
Provision for unfunded commitments	39
Balance at September 30, 2024	$ 248
Total allowance for credit losses	$ 1,729
Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans:	
Balance at December 31, 2023	$ 1,747
Charge-offs	(363)
Recoveries	108
Provision for credit losses on loans	(11)
Balance at September 30, 2024	$ 1,481
Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments:	
Balance at December 31, 2023	$ 206
Provision for unfunded commitments	42
Balance at September 30, 2024	$ 248
Total allowance for credit losses	$ 1,729

	September 30, 2023
Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans:	
Balance at June 30, 2023	$ 3,883
Charge-offs	–
Recoveries	–
Provision for credit losses on loans	431
Balance at September 30, 2023	$ 4,314
Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments:	
Balance at June 30, 2023	$ 74
Provision for unfunded commitments	89
Balance at September 30, 2023	$ 163
Total allowance for credit losses	$ 4,477
Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans:	
Balance at December 31, 2022	$ 1,189
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle	(11)
Balance at January 1, 2023	$ 1,178
Charge-offs	(1)
Recoveries	79
Provision for credit losses on loans	3,058
Balance at September 30, 2023	$ 4,314
Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments:	
Balance at December 31, 2022	$ 167
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle	(93)
Balance at January 1, 2023	$ 74
Provision for unfunded commitments	89
Balance at September 30, 2023	$ 163
Total allowance for credit losses	$ 4,477

Loan modifications may be granted to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. Qualifying disclosable modifications are one, or a combination of, principal forgiveness, interest rate reduction, or a term or payment extension. Covenant waivers and modifications of contingent acceleration clauses are not considered term extensions. Modified loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty and activity on these loans were not material during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. There were no material commitments to lend to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty whose loans have been modified at September 30, 2024.

Loans held for sale were $0 and $3,561 at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Such loans are carried at the lower of cost or fair value.

Note 3 — Investments

Equity Investments in Other Farm Credit System Institutions

Equity investments in other Farm Credit System institutions are generally nonmarketable investments consisting of stock and participation certificates, allocated surplus, and reciprocal investments in other institutions regulated by the FCA. These investments are carried at cost and evaluated for impairment based on the ultimate recoverability of the par value rather than by recognizing temporary declines in value.

Associations are required to maintain ownership in AgFirst (AgFirst or the Bank) in the form of Class B or Class C stock as determined by the Bank. The Bank may require additional capital contributions to maintain its capital requirements. The Association owned 0.44 percent of the issued stock and allocated retained earnings of the Bank as of September 30, 2024 net of any reciprocal investment. As of that date, the Bank's assets totaled $46.6 billion and shareholders' equity totaled $2.0 billion. The Bank's earnings were $189 million for the first nine months of 2024. In addition, the Association held $130 in investments related to other Farm Credit institutions.

Note 4 — Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

Accounting guidance establishes a hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements to maximize the use of observable inputs, that is, inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. The hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. A financial instrument's categorization within the hierarchy tiers is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The classifications within the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices in markets that are not active; and inputs that are observable, or can be corroborated, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable and supported by little or no market activity. Valuation is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, and could include significant management judgment or estimation. Level 3 assets and liabilities also could include instruments whose price has been adjusted based on dealer quoted pricing that is different than the third-party valuation or internal model pricing.

For a complete discussion of the inputs and other assumptions considered in assigning various assets and liabilities to the fair value hierarchy levels, see the latest Annual Report to Shareholders.

There were no Level 3 assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the periods presented. The Association had no transfers of assets or liabilities into or out of Level 1 or Level 2 during the periods presented.

Fair values are estimated at each period end date for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The following tables summarize assets measured at fair value at period end.

	September 30, 2024			
	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Recurring assets				
Assets held in trust funds	$ –	$ –	$ –	$ –
Nonrecurring assets				
Nonaccrual loans	$ –	$ –	$ 1,557	$ 1,557
Other property owned	$ –	$ –	$ 552	$ 552

	December 31, 2023			
	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Value
Recurring assets				
Assets held in trust funds	$ –	$ –	$ –	$ –
Nonrecurring assets				
Nonaccrual loans	$ –	$ –	$ 4,081	$ 4,081
Other property owned	$ –	$ –	$ 737	$ 737

Valuation Techniques

Assets held in trust funds

Assets held in trust funds, related to deferred compensation plans, are classified as Level 1. The trust funds include investments in securities that are actively traded and have quoted net asset value prices that are directly observable in the marketplace.

Nonaccrual loans

Fair values of nonaccrual loans are estimated to be the carrying amount of the loan less specific reserves. Certain loans evaluated for impairment under FASB guidance have fair values based upon the underlying collateral, as the loans were collateral-dependent. Specific reserves were established for these loans when the value of the collateral, less estimated cost to sell, was less than the principal balance of the loan. The fair value measurement process uses independent appraisals and other market-based information, but in many cases it also requires significant input based on management's knowledge of and judgment about current market conditions, specific issues relating to the collateral and other matters, and are therefore classified as Level 3.

Other property owned

For other property owned, the fair value is generally determined using formal appraisals of each individual property. These assets are held for sale. Costs to sell represent transaction costs and are not included as a component of the fair value of other property owned. If the process uses observable market-based information, the assets are classified as Level 2. If the process requires significant input based upon management’s knowledge of and judgment about current market conditions, specific issues relating to the property and other matters, the assets are classified as Level 3.

Note 5 — Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

From time to time, legal actions are pending against the Association in which claims for money damages are asserted. On at least a quarterly basis, the Association assesses its liabilities and contingencies in connection with outstanding legal proceedings utilizing the latest information available. While the outcome of legal proceedings is inherently uncertain, on the basis of information presently available, management, after consultation with legal counsel, is of the opinion that the ultimate liability, if any, from these actions, would not be material in relation to the financial position of the Association. Because it is remote that the Association will incur a loss or the loss is not estimable, no liability has been recorded for any claims that may be pending.

Note 6 — Subsequent Events

The Association evaluated subsequent events and determined there were none requiring disclosure through November 8, 2024, which was the date the financial statements were issued.